

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. PRODUCT

### 1.1 Product identifiers

Name: Acetaldehyde

CAS-No.: 75-07-0

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Flammable liquids (Category 1), H224

Eye irritation (Category 2A), H319


Carcinogenicity (Category 2), H351

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Category 3), Respiratory system, H335

Acute aquatic toxicity (Category 3), H402

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement(s)	H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H402 Harmful to aquatic life.
Precautionary statement(s)	P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment. P242 Use only non-sparking tools. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam for extinction. P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

### 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

Lachrymator.  
May form explosive peroxides.  
Photosensitizer.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances

Synonyms: Ethanal  
Formula:  $C_2H_4O$   
Molecular weight: 44.05 g/mol  
CAS-No.: 75-07-0  
EC-No.: 200-836-8

#### Hazardous components

Component	Classification	Concentration
<b>Acetaldehyde</b>		
	Flam. Liq. 1; Eye Irrit. 2A; STOT SE 3; Aquatic Acute 3; H224, H319, H335, H402	<= 100 %
<b>Paraldehyde</b>		
	Flam. Liq. 3; Acute Tox. 4; Eye Dam. 1; H226, H302, H318	>= 0.1 -< 1 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

<b>General advice</b>
Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.
<b>If inhaled</b>
If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.
<b>In case of skin contact</b>
Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.
<b>In case of eye contact</b>
Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.
<b>If swallowed</b>
Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### 4.2 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

##### Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### 5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

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### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with an electrically protected vacuum cleaner or by wet-brushing and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13).

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

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### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

For precautions see section 2.2.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Recommended storage temperature 2 - 8 °C

Handle and store under inert gas. Air and moisture sensitive.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

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### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

##### Components with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	C	25.000000 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
	Remarks	Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Eye irritation Adopted values or notations enclosed are those for which changes are proposed in the NIC See Notice of Intended Changes (NIC) Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans		

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
		Potential Occupational Carcinogen See Appendix C See Appendix A		
		TWA	200.000000 ppm 360.000000 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) -Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
		The value in mg/m3 is approximate.		
		C	25 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		Upper Respiratory Tract irritation Eye irritation 2015 Adoption Suspected human carcinogen		
		Potential Occupational Carcinogen See Appendix C See Appendix A		
		TWA	200 ppm 360 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) -Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
		The value in mg/m3 is approximate.		
		TWA	100 ppm 180 mg/m3	USA. OSHA -TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -1910.1000
		STEL	150 ppm 270 mg/m3	USA. OSHA -TABLE Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants -1910.1000
		C	25 ppm 45 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).
Skin protection	Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands. Full contact Material: butyl-rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.3 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested: Butoject® (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M) Splash contact Material: butyl-rubber Minimum layer thickness: 0.3 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested: Butoject® (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M) data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374 If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the CE approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.
Body Protection	Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.
Respiratory protection	Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).
Control of environmental exposure	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Form: liquid, clear Colour: colourless
Odour	No data available

Odour Threshold	No data available
pH	5 at 20 °C (68 °F)
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -125 °C (-193 °F) - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	21 °C (70 °F) - lit.
Flash point	-40 °C (-40 °F) - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 60 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 4 %(V)
Vapour pressure	1,008.5 hPa (756.4 mmHg) at 20 °C (68 °F) 1,451 hPa (1,088 mmHg) at 30 °C (86 °F) 2,660 hPa (1,995 mmHg) at 55 °C (131 °F)
Vapour density	1.52 - (Air = 1.0)
Relative density	0.785 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 25 °C (77 °F)
Water solubility	completely miscible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 0.5
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available

## 9.2 Other safety information

Relative vapour density: 1.52 - (Air = 1.0)

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity

No data available

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Avoid exposure to air any longer than necessary so as to prevent peroxide formation.

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, Reducing agents, acids, Nitric acid, Peroxides, Bases, Sodium Hydroxide, Amines, Ammonia, Oxygen, Warning: acetaldehyde is oxidized rapidly and exothermically by air, to acetic acid, Acid anhydrides, Alcohols, Halogens, Ketones, Phenol, Hydrogen sulfide gas, Hydrogen peroxide

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

<b>Acute toxicity</b>
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<p>Lowest observed effect level Oral - Rat - 675 mg/kg  LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4 h - 13300 ppm  (OECD Test Guideline 403)  Remarks: Behavioral:Excitement. Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Dyspnea.  LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 3,540 mg/kg  No data available</p>
<p><b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b></p>
<p>Skin - Rabbit  Result: Mild skin irritation  (OECD Test Guideline 404)</p>
<p><b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b></p>
<p>No data available</p>
<p><b>Respiratory or skin sensitisation</b></p>
<p>Maximisation Test - Guinea pig  Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.  (OECD Test Guideline 406)</p>
<p><b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b></p>
<p>Laboratory experiments have shown mutagenic effects.</p>
<p><b>Carcinogenicity</b></p>
<p>This product is or contains a component that has been reported to be possibly carcinogenic based on its IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification.  IARC: 2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Acetaldehyde)  NTP: Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen (Acetaldehyde)  OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.</p>
<p><b>Reproductive toxicity</b></p>
<p>No data available  No data available</p>
<p><b>Specific target organ toxicity -single exposure</b></p>
<p>May cause respiratory irritation.</p>
<p><b>Specific target organ toxicity -repeated exposure</b></p>
<p>No data available</p>
<p><b>Aspiration hazard</b></p>
<p>No data available</p>
<p><b>Additional Information</b></p>
<p>RTECS: AB1925000  Blurred vision, Unconsciousness, Headache, Vomiting, Nausea, Pulmonary edema. Effects may be delayed.,  Convulsions, sneezing, Cough, Shortness of breath  To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.  Liver - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence  Liver - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence  Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence (Paraldehyde)</p>

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 31 mg/l - 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	Immobilization EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 57.4 mg/l - 48 h (OECD Test Guideline 202)
Toxicity to algae	Growth inhibition EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - > 100 mg/l - 24 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)
Toxicity to bacteria	No data available

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	Biotic/Aerobic - Exposure time 14 d Result: 80 % - Readily biodegradable (OECD Test Guideline 301C)
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### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

## 12.6 Other adverse effects

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Harmful to aquatic life.

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product
Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.
Contaminated packaging
Dispose of as unused product.

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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### DOT (US)

UN number: 1089 Class: 3 Packing group: I

Proper shipping name: Acetaldehyde

Reportable Quantity (RQ): 1000 lbs

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

### IMDG

UN number: 1089 Class: 3 Packing group: I EMS-No: F-E, S-D

Proper shipping name: ACETALDEHYDE

### IATA

UN number: 1089 Class: 3 Packing group: I

Proper shipping name: Acetaldehyde

IATA Passenger: Not permitted for transport

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## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### SARA 302 Components

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

### SARA 313 Components

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	2007-07-01

### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

### Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	2007-07-01

### Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	2007-07-01
Paraldehyde	123-63-7	1993-04-24

#### New Jersey Right To Know Components

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	2007-07-01

#### California Prop. 65 Components

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Component	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	2007-09-28

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute Acute aquatic toxicity

Eye Dam. Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. Eye irritation

Flam. Liq. Flammable liquids

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

### HMIS Rating

Health hazard: 2

Chronic Health Hazard: \*

Flammability: 4

Physical Hazard 2

### NFPA Rating

Health hazard: 2

Fire Hazard: 4

Reactivity Hazard: 2